

Utility Patent Application

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

5 Patent Application based on: Docket No. 01-698
Inventor: Mr. Jerry Allen Jenks
10 Attorney: John D. Gugliotta, P.E., Esq.

ELECTRICAL INTERRUPT SWITCH

RELATED APPLICATIONS

15 The present invention is a continuation of U.S. Provisional Patent No.
60/196,859 filed on April 12, 2000.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

I. Field of the Invention

20 The present invention relates generally to electrical switches and, more
particularly, to a general purpose, consumer electrical interrupt switch.

2. Description of the Related Art

25 There are many electrically powered items in our homes and businesses
which do not have an on/off switch. These include some kitchen appliances,
tools, Christmas lights and the like. There are also some items with power

switches that still utilize power when in the off position. These include televisions, computers, VCR's and other electronic items. The only way to completely remove electrical power from all of these devices is to remove the electrical power cord from the receptacle. This however, has several
5 disadvantages. First, the continual wear and tear on the plug and receptacle from repeated insertions may cause either the plug or receptacle to fail prematurely. Secondly, the act of inserting a plug allows for a short time period in which the prongs are energized, but not yet fully inserted. This poses a shock hazard to the user should his or her fingers touch the prongs as may be the case
10 if the receptacle is hidden from view and the user is going by feel alone to find the receptacle.

A search of the prior art did not disclose any patents that read directly on the claims of the instant invention; however, the following references were considered related.

15 The following patents disclose a modular electrical power outlet system and method for switching circuits:

U.S. Patent no. 5,844,326 issued in the name of Proctor et al.; and U.S. Patent no. 5,582,522 issued in the name of Johnson.

20 The following patents describe an efficient power supply post regulation with a switching device:

U.S. Patent no. 5,119,284 issued in the name of *Fisher et al.*; and
U.S. Patent no. 5,075,839 issued in the name of *Fisher et al.*

5 U.S. Patent no. 5,959,273 issued in the name of *Chou* discloses an
electrical outlet with press-button switch means.

10 U.S. Patent no. 5,925,850 issued in the name of *Park* describes an
electrical outlet, switch, and junction boxes.

U.S. Patent no. 5,819,912 issued in the name of *Hou* discloses a slide
15 selector switch and inlet outlet device.

U.S. Patent no. 5,488,208 issued in the name of *Seewald* describes a
multiple electrical outlet box with locking cover and power interrupt control.

And, U.S. Patent no. 4,463,228 issued in the name of *Osika* discloses a
portable electrical switch and outlet unit.

15 Accordingly, there exists a need for a means by which electrical power
can be removed completely from equipment in a manner that is safe, quick, easy
and effective.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide an improved
20 electrical interrupt switch.

It is a feature of the present invention to provide an improved general

purpose, consumer electrical interrupt switch

Briefly described according to one embodiment of the present invention an electrical circuit interrupter is provided for a conventional electrical plug. The device may be mounted on a wall electrical socket or on the plug itself. The
5 device is adaptable to either 2-prong or 3-prong electrical plugs and is made of plastic or rubber with electrical wire connecting the switch to the prongs. A toggle switch either turns on or off the circuit from the plug to the wall socket.

The major advantage of this device is the toggle switch that interrupts the electrical circuit from a conventional cord to the wall socket. With this invention, one doesn't need to unplug the cord from the wall; one simply switches the device from on to off, thereby connecting or disconnecting power to the cord.
10
15

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The advantages and features of the present invention will become better understood with reference to the following more detailed description and claims taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which like elements are identified with like symbols, and in which:

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an electrical interrupt switch according to one preferred embodiment of the present invention;

20 FIG. 2 is a cross sectional plan view thereof taken along line II-II of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a cross sectional elevational view thereof taken along line III-III
of FIG. 1; and

FIG. 4 is a perspective view of an electrical interrupt switch according to
the present invention shown in use with a consumer appliance.

5

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The best mode for carrying out the invention is presented in terms of its
preferred embodiment, herein depicted within the Figures

1. Detailed Description of the Figures

Referring now to FIG. 1, an electrical interrupt switch 10 is shown,
according to the present invention, is provided that allows for the disconnection
of electrical plug-connected equipment without removing the plug from the
receptacle. It is anticipated that such a switch 10 could be made available for
use on grounded or ungrounded electrical systems. The switch 10 has a
housing 12 that has a compact overall outer dimension approximately one inch
high, one inch wide and three inches long. Extending outward from one end of
the housing 12 are male blade connectors 14 sized for a standard 120 VAC plug
which connects to common 120 VAC outlets found in homes and business.
Additionally, a ground prong 15 could be made available depending on the
model. Opposite the blade connectors 14 are corresponding receptacle

connectors 16 to allow for the connection of a conventional electrical power cord.

Accessible through the upper portion of the housing 12 is a rocker switch 18 that allows the user to open or close the electrical circuit in the manner described below.

5 Referring now to FIG. 2 and FIG. 3, the housing pivotally supports the rocker switch 18 about a pivoting axle 40. Having a pair of flat, acutely intersecting touching surfaces 42 about the upper portion of the rocker switch 18, the lower portion is a cam-shaped arcuate body 44. A first electrically conductive contact 46 is supported along one side of the body 44; a second electrically conductive contact 48 is affixed at one end in electrical communication with a receptacle connectors 16 and at the opposite end is spring urged against one side of body 44 such that as rocker switch 18 is articulated, electrical continuity is created between the receptacle connector 18, through the second contact 48 to the first contact 46 to a blade connectors 14.

10

15 It is envisioned that a parallel switching conductors of identical configuration is mounted about the body 44 such that each receptacle connector 16 is switched between electrical continuity to a respective blade connector 14.

20 Should a switch 10 be configured for receiving a ground connector 16b, a ground prong 15 would be in continuous electrical communication therewith such that ground continuity is not effected by position or operation of the rocker switch

18.

As envisioned in the presented preferred embodiment, the electrical components of the invention would be made of copper and/or brass in a stamping process. The plastic enclosure would be made in an injection molding process.

5

2. Operation of the Preferred Embodiment

In operation as shown in FIG. 4, it is envisioned that the switch 10 would open both the hot and neutral connection while leaving the ground connection closed, if so equipped. The use would allow for the use of electrical disconnection of power cords 20 without actually physically removing the cord 20 from the receptacle 22.

10

The foregoing description is included to illustrate the operation of the preferred embodiment and is not meant to limit the scope of the invention. For other dedicated applications, many other configurations and uses are anticipated incorporating the present teachings. By way of example, and not as a limitation, uses such as integration with wiring harness, replacement of hard-wired relays, and incorporation into modular electrical equipment in the computer, aircraft, heavy machinery, electrical hand tool, and other industries can be made to incorporate the features and benefits foreseen herein. Therefore, the scope of

15

20

- 8 -

the invention is to be limited only by the following claims.

卷之三

REF: 01-915

REV: 4/9/01